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**Hybrid Fiber/Coax Outside Plant Status Monitoring
SCTE-HMS-COMMON-MIB
Management Information Base (MIB) Definition**

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1.

Scope

This document defines common information about NEs. This includes administrative information such as name, ID, model number, serial numbers vendor, and location; health indicators such as status and service state; and functional information such as power level and frequency range.

2.

Copyright

The MIB definition found in this document may be incorporated directly in products without further permission from the copyright owner, SCTE.

3. Normative References

- 3.1. ANSI/SCTE 25-2 Hybrid Fiber Coax Outside Plant Status Monitoring - Media Access Control (MAC) Layer Specification v1.0
- 3.2. ANSI/SCTE 36 (formerly HMS 028), SCTE-ROOT Management Information Base (MIB) Definitions
- 3.3. ANSI/SCTE 37 (formerly HMS 072), Hybrid Fiber/Coax Outside Plant Status Monitoring SCTE-HMS-ROOTS Management Information Base (MIB) Definition
- 3.4. ANSI/SCTE 38-1 Hybrid Fiber/Coax Outside Plant Status Monitoring SCTE-HMS-PROPERTY-MIB Management Information Base (MIB) Definition
- 3.5. ANSI/SCTE 38-2 Hybrid Fiber/Coax Outside Plant Status Monitoring SCTE-HMS-ALARMS-MIB Management Information Base (MIB)
- 3.6. IETF RFC 1155 Structure and Identification of Management Information for TCP/IP-based Internets [RFC1155-SMI]
- 3.7. IETF RFC 1212 Concise MIB Definitions
- 3.8. IETF RFC 1213 MIB for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets: MIBII
- 3.9. IETF RFC 1215 A Convention for Defining Traps for use with the SNMP

4.

Informative References

None

5.

Terms and Definitions

This document defines the following terms:

Management Information Base (MIB) - the specification of information in a manner that allows standard access through a network management protocol.

6.

Requirements

This section defines the mandatory syntax of the SCTE-HMS-COMMON-MIB. It follows the IETF Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) for defining the managed objects.

The syntax is given below.

```

-- *****
-- *
-- * Module Name: HMS024R13.MIB
-- *
-- * SCTE Status: ADOPTED FEBRUARY 15, 2002
-- *
-- * Description: Implements SCTE-HMS-COMMON-MIB definitions
-- *
-- * This MIB contains common information about NEs.
-- * MIB items cover administrative information
-- * such as name, ID, model number, serial numbers vendor, and location;
-- * health indicators such as status and service state; and functional
-- * information such as power level and frequency range.
-- *
-- * CAUTION: A SET OF ANY OBJECT STORED IN NON-VOLATILE MEMORY MAY RESULT IN AN ACTUAL WRITE TO NON-VOLATILE MEMORY,
-- * WHICH TYPICALLY HAS A FINITE LIFETIME. EXCESSIVE WRITING TO THESE OBJECTS COULD SHORTEN THE USEFUL LIFE OF THE
-- * DEVICE.
-- *
-- * Objects which are not present must not have the properties present either.
-- *
-- *
-- *****

```

SCTE-HMS-COMMON-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

```

OBJECT-TYPE FROM RFC-1212
TRAP-TYPE FROM RFC-1215
Counter FROM RFC1155-SMI
NetworkAddress FROM RFC1155-SMI
DisplayString FROM RFC1213-MIB
scteHmsTree FROM SCTE-ROOT

```

```

-- *
-- * Common MIB prefix
-- *
commonIdent FROM SCTE-HMS-ROOTS
;

```

```

-- *
-- * Groups in the Common MIB
-- *

```

```

commonAdminGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { commonIdent 1 }
commonMACGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { commonIdent 2 }
commonMulticastGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { commonIdent 3 }
commonStatsGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { commonIdent 4 }
commonRfGroup OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { commonIdent 5 }

```

```

commonMacStats OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { commonStatsGroup 1 }

```

```
-- *
-- *
-- * The Transponder Administrative Group
-- *
-- * Implementation of the Transponder Administrative Group is mandatory.
-- * Within the group a number of objects are optional.
-- *
```

```
commonLogicalID OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(0..40))
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
  "Specifies the logical ID for the network element used by network
  management systems. The ID will often remain with a specific location
  regardless of any specific network element's characteristics.
  The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
 ::= { commonAdminGroup 1 }
```

```
commonVendor OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..255))
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
  "Displays the manufacturer of the network element.
  Displayed in human-readable format."
 ::= { commonAdminGroup 2 }
```

```
commonModelNumber OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..255))
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
  "Displays the model number of the network element.
  Displayed in human-readable format."
 ::= { commonAdminGroup 3 }
```

```
commonSerialNumber OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..255))
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
  "Returns the Serial Number of the Network Element.
  Displayed in human-readable format."
 ::= { commonAdminGroup 4 }
```

```
commonVendorInfo OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE(0..255))
```

ACCESS read-only
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
"Returns vendor-specific information.
Displayed in human-readable format."
::= { commonAdminGroup 5 }

commonNEStatus OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(1))
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"Bit mask, identical to that used in the Status field of
the STATRESP PDU. See SCTE 25-2 (formerly HMS004).

Bit 0: CHNLRQST
Bit 1: CNTNRM
Bit 2: CNTCUR
Bit 3: MAJOR ALARMS
Bit 4: MINOR ALARMS
Bit 5: RSVD1
Bit 6: RSVD2
Bit 7: RSVD3"

::= { commonAdminGroup 6 }

commonReset OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER { reset (1) }
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"This object is used to reset the NE by writing 1 to it.
Other values written to the object have no effect.
Reading the object returns a 1, and has no effect on the unit."
::= { commonAdminGroup 7 }

commonAlarmDetectionControl OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
detectionDisabled (1),
detectionEnabled (2),
detectionEnabledAndRegenerate (3)
}
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"This object is used to control the detection of alarms in this NE.

When a threshold from either the property table or the discrete
property table is crossed in a manner described by that MIB, then
an alarm is said to have occurred. When the alarm is detected, an

entry is placed in the alarm log table, which serves as a log of the most recent alarm events. When an alarm is detected, then an alarm trap is also generated. A property which is not in the nominal state will have an entry in the currentAlarmTable.

The detectionDisabled(1) value prevents the threshold detection process associated with the property table and discrete property table from running. The NE will not generate alarms. The contents of the alarmLogTable, currentAlarmTable, each instance of discreteAlarmState, and each instance of currentAlarmState remain in the state prior to detectionDisabled being applied.

The detectionEnabled(2) value permits alarm detection to run. The detection process continues from the state the transponder was in prior to detectionEnabled being set.

The detectionEnabledAndRegenerate(3) value clears all alarm information and permits alarm detection to run. All alarm properties, both discrete and analog, are restored to the nominal value before alarm detection runs. Any properties that are in an alarm state SHALL NOT produce a 'return to normal' alarm as part of the process. Setting this value clears the alarmLogTable and the currentAlarmTable.

The detectionEnabledAndRegenerate(3) value is transient. When setting commonAlarmDetectionControl to detectionEnabledAndRegenerate(3), the response will contain detectionEnabledAndRegenerate(3). Subsequent reads of the object report detectionEnabled(2).

The detectionDisabled(1) value does not affect the generation of hmsColdStart or hmsWarmStart traps. Traps added in the future are assumed to be unaffected by this object, unless stated in the description of that trap.

This object has a default value of detectionEnabled(2).

The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."

```
::= { commonAdminGroup 8 }
```

commonNetworkAddress OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX NetworkAddress

ACCESS read-only

STATUS mandatory

DESCRIPTION

"This variable reports the network address (e.g., IP address) of the NE. This object was added to support the generation of traps. The value is retained in non-volatile memory. The value may be

set during the registration process by a MAC level command or via a vendor's craft interface."

::= { commonAdminGroup 9 }

commonCheckCode OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER

ACCESS read-write

STATUS mandatory

DESCRIPTION

"This object reports the Check Code for the transponder's configuration. The check code is generated from objects which are stored in non-volatile memory as well as those objects which reports the transponder's physical configuration, including monitored devices.

The algorithm used to generate the Check Code is vendor specific.

Upon a restart of the transponder, the current value of the check code is compared against the value previous to the restart to determine if a hmsColdStart or a hmsWarmStart trap is to be generated. This requires that the value of the object be maintained in non-volatile memory for the comparison operation after a restart.

When a value is written to this object, the check code is recalculated, and the new value is returned in the GetResponse returned for the SetRequest. Since this optimization is NOT SNMP compliant, the transponder MAY respond in the SNMP compliant manner. Since this object description may impact an SNMP manager, it is recommended that the value be subsequently retrieved with a GetRequest, to guarantee that the desired value has been obtained.

In this case (on-demand recalculation), the hmsColdStart or hmsWarmStart traps are NOT generated.

The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."

::= { commonAdminGroup 10 }

commonTrapCommunityString OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(0..64))

ACCESS read-write

STATUS mandatory

DESCRIPTION

"This object defines the community string reported in a trap. The default value is 'public'.

Use of this object does not preclude the use of enterprise specific mechanisms to define community string values.

The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."

::= { commonAdminGroup 11 }

commonTamperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER { intact (1), compromised (2) }
ACCESS read-only
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
"Returns the status of the anti-tamper device of the network element.
this object requires an entry in the Discrete Property Table.
the intact(1) value represents ok, and the compromised(2) value
indicates an alarm."
::= { commonAdminGroup 12 }

commonInternalTemperature OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER (-60..130)
ACCESS read-only
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
"Measured temperature inside the NE's case/housing.
Units degrees Celsius.
This item requires an entry in the properties MIB"
::= { commonAdminGroup 13 }

commonTime OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER
ACCESS read-only
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
"All values are unsigned 32 bit integers.
Time since the Epoch (00:00:00 UTC, January 1, 1970),
measured in seconds(POSIX)."
::= { commonAdminGroup 14 }

commonVarBindings OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"This object indicates the maximum number of entries in the
variable-binding list which can be accepted by the unit.
A value of 0 indicates no specified limit."
::= { commonAdminGroup 15 }

commonResetCause OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
other (1),
powerup (2),
command (3),
watchdog (4),
craft (5)

```
}
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
    "This object reports the cause of the last reset."
::= { commonAdminGroup 16 }
```

```
commonCraftStatus OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    disconnected (1),
    connected (2)
}
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
    "This object reports the state of the craft interface.
    The status of this object does not imply any change to
    the transponder functionality through the MAC interface.
    Not all transponders support a craft interface.
    If the interface is not supported, the objects reports
    disconnected(2).

    This object requires an entry in the Discrete Property Table."
::= { commonAdminGroup 17 }
```

```
-- *
-- *
-- * The MAC Layer Group
-- *
-- * Implementation of the MAC Layer Group is mandatory.
-- * The objects are required to support the protocol defined
-- * by the Media Access Layer specification.
-- *
```

```
commonBackoffPeriod OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER (0..16383)
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
    "The backoff period in milliseconds. This parameter is used as
    part of the random backoff period as defined by the Media Access
    Control Layer specification SCTE 25-2(formerly HMS004).

    Initial Power up default: 6 milliseconds.

    The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
::= { commonMACGroup 1 }
```

```
commonACKTimeoutWindow OBJECT-TYPE
```

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..255)
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"The Acknowledgement timeout window in milliseconds.

Initial Power up default: 19 milliseconds.

The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
::= { commonMACGroup 2 }

commonMaximumMACLayerRetries OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..255)
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"The maximum number of retries a NE can make for a specific packet.
This limit is intended to protect the network from a unit with
a faulty receiver.

Initial Power up default: 16.

The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
::= { commonMACGroup 3 }

commonMaxPayloadSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"This object reports the maximum length of the payload supported
for a packet on the reverse or forward channel."
::= { commonMACGroup 4 }

commonBackoffMinimumExponent OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..15)
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"This object is used to define the minimum value of the exponent
used for the Backoff Algorithm as defined by the Media Access
Control Layer specification SCTE 25-2(formerly HMS004).

The default value is 6.

The value must be less than or equal to commonBackoffMaximumExponent
The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
::= { commonMACGroup 5 }

commonBackoffMaximumExponent OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER (0..15)
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"This object is used to define the maximum value of the exponent
used for the Backoff Algorithm as defined by the Media Access
Control Layer specification SCTE 25-2(formerly HMS004).

The default value is 15.

The value must be greater than or equal to commonBackoffMinimumExponent.
The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
 ::= { commonMACGroup 6 }

commonPhysAddress OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX OCTET STRING
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"This variable reports the media dependant 'physical' address of
the NE. This object was added to support the generation of traps."
 ::= { commonMACGroup 7 }

-- *
-- *
-- * The Multicast Address Group
-- *
-- * Implementation of the Multicast Address Group is mandatory.
-- *

commonMaxMulticastAddresses OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER (4..255)
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"Maximum number of multicast data link layer addresses
supported by this NE."
 ::= { commonMulticastGroup 1 }

commonMulticastAddressTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF CommonMulticastAddressEntry
ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS mandatory
DESCRIPTION
"The table containing the multicast addresses.

The value for all objects in this table are maintained

```

    in non-volatile memory."
 ::= { commonMulticastGroup 2 }

commonMulticastAddressEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX CommonMulticastAddressEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "A list of information for multicast addresses."
    INDEX { commonMulticastAddressIndex }
 ::= { commonMulticastAddressTable 1 }

CommonMulticastAddressEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE
    {
        commonMulticastAddressIndex
        INTEGER,
        commonMulticastAddressNumber
        OCTET STRING
    }

commonMulticastAddressIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..255)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "Index into commonMulticastAddressTable."
 ::= { commonMulticastAddressEntry 1 }

commonMulticastAddressNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(6))
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
        "The multicast address. Only entries with the I/G bit set are
        accepted values. An empty entry is designated by setting
        the object to the broadcast address."
 ::= { commonMulticastAddressEntry 2 }

-- *
-- *
-- * The MAC Statistics Group
-- *
-- * Implementation of the MAC Statistics Group is optional.
-- *

commonForwardPathLOSEvents OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX Counter

```

ACCESS read-write
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
"Count of forward path loss of signal (LOS) events. Can be reset to 0."
::= { commonMacStats 1 }

commonForwardPathFramingErrors OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-write
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
"Count of framing errors on the forward path. Can be reset to 0."
::= { commonMacStats 2 }

commonForwardPathCRCErrors OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-write
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
"Count of CRC errors on the forward path. Can be reset to 0."
::= { commonMacStats 3 }

commonInvalidMacCmds OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX Counter
ACCESS read-write
STATUS optional
DESCRIPTION
"Count of invalid MAC commands. Can be reset to 0."
::= { commonMacStats 4 }

-- *
-- *
-- * The RF Interface Group
-- *
-- * Implementation of the RF Interface Group is mandatory for
-- * those transponders which use RF Modems for the physical layer.
-- *
-- * Within the group a number of objects are optional. These
-- * optional objects are used to support auto-negotiation of
-- * power levels, forward channel frequency, and reverse channel
-- * frequency. The algorithms associated with these objects
-- * are vendor specific.
-- *

commonReturnPathFrequency OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER (0..1000000000)
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory

```

DESCRIPTION
  "Return path frequency. Units 1 Hz.
  The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
 ::= { commonRfGroup 1 }

commonForwardPathFrequency OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER (0..1000000000)
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "Forward path frequency. Units 1 Hz.
    The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
 ::= { commonRfGroup 2 }

commonProvisionedReturnPowerLevel OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER
  ACCESS read-write
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "Return path power level to be used. Units 0.1 dBmV.
    The value used internally will be rounded to the nearest supported
    value. The object reports the requested value, not the rounded value.
    The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
 ::= { commonRfGroup 3 }

commonForwardPathReceiveLevel OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER (-1000..1000)
  ACCESS read-only
  STATUS optional
  DESCRIPTION
    "Returns the received forward path power level. Units 0.1 dBmV."
 ::= { commonRfGroup 4 }

commonMaxReturnPower OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX INTEGER (200..600)
  ACCESS read-write
  STATUS mandatory
  DESCRIPTION
    "The maximum return path power to be used by the NE. Units 0.1 dBmV.
    The value for this object is maintained in non-volatile memory."
 ::= { commonRfGroup 5 }

-- *
-- *
-- * The following definitions use the TRAP-TYPE macro as
-- * defined in RFC1215.
-- *
-- * The community string is defined by commonTrapCommunityString.

```

```
-- *
-- * The hmsColdStart and hmsWarmStart traps are used rather than
-- * the standard SNMP coldStart and warmStart, to permit the
-- * physical address of the transponder to be reported in the trap.
-- *
-- *
```

```
hmsColdStart TRAP-TYPE
  ENTERPRISE scteHmsTree
  VARIABLES { commonPhysAddress, commonLogicalID }
  DESCRIPTION
    "A hmsColdStart trap signifies that the sending protocol
    entity is reinitializing itself such that the agent's
    configuration or the protocol entity implementation may
    be altered.

    This trap is only issued by the transponder once the
    registration has been completed successfully."
  ::= 0
```

```
hmsWarmStart TRAP-TYPE
  ENTERPRISE scteHmsTree
  VARIABLES { commonPhysAddress, commonLogicalID }
  DESCRIPTION
    "A hmsWarmStart trap signifies that the sending protocol
    entity is reinitializing itself such that neither the agent's
    configuration nor the protocol entity implementation is
    altered.

    This trap is only issued by the transponder once the
    registration has been completed successfully."
  ::= 2
```

```
END
```